

ISSB proposed methodology to enhance international applicability of SASB Standards

ISSB exposure draft public consultation

Comments due by 9 August 2023 via ifrs.org

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Overview

1. Introduction

4. Methodology Exposure Draft

2. IFRS S1 & S2

5. Q&A

3. Looking forward



- Sustainability-related factors are an important part of investment decision-making
- These factors are central to how companies plan, manage and report
- IFRS S1 = general requirements to communicate sustainability-related risks and opportunities to investors
- **IFRS S2** = climate-related disclosures used with conjunction with IFRS S1

Effective date: 1 January 2024





Build on existing investor-focused standards & frameworks





Sustainability information tailored to user needs

Other corporate reporting (multi-stakeholder focus)

Investor focused generalpurpose financial reporting



Information needs are not static and can change over time



A truly global baseline of sustainability disclosures

 can be added to meet jurisdiction-specific requirements

- additional building blocks
- can be added to meet broader multi-stakeholder needs

ISSB Standards

- provide a comprehensive foundation of disclosures for global jurisdictional adoption
- are a common language for comparable, decision-useful disclosures
- are designed to meet investor needs across global capital markets



ISSB Standards recognise the value of industry-specific disclosures

- IFRS S1 asks companies to consider the industry-based SASB Standards for topics beyond climate to identify sustainability risks or opportunities and disclosures
- IFRS S2 requires industry-specific climaterelated disclosures and provides illustrative guidance derived from SASB Standards to support that effort





IFRS S1: General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information



June 2023 IFRS S1 IFRS* Sustainability Disclosure Standard

General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information



International Sustainability Standards Board

- Disclosure of material information about sustainability-related risks and opportunities with the financial statements to meet investor information needs
- Applies TCFD architecture to providing sustainability information
- Requires industry-specific disclosures
- For matters other than climate (IFRS S2) refers to **sources to help companies** identify sustainability-related risks and opportunities
- Can be used with any accounting requirements (GAAP)



IFRS S1 Guidance: developing sustainability-related disclosures



Which risks & opportunities?

To identify relevant **risks and opportunities**, a company uses ISSB Standards and **shall consider**:

SASB Standards

A company may also consider:

- CDSB Framework Application Guidance
- industry practice
- materials of investor-focused standard setters



Which information?

To identify disclosure information, a company uses ISSB Standards, for non-climate related matters, **shall consider**:

SASB Standards

A company **may also consider**, to the extent it meets investor information needs:

- European Sustainability Reporting Standards
- CDSB Framework Application Guidance
- GRI Standards
- industry practice
- materials of investor-focused standard setters



Looking ahead

Commitment to improve

- connections with financial statements
- jurisdictional & voluntary initiative interoperability

Implement IFRS S1 and IFRS S2

- digital taxonomy
- raise awareness and build capacity
- regulatory adoption and voluntary application
 Work to
- enhance and maintain the SASB Standards
- research natural and social capital disclosures

Consultation on agenda priorities RFI Public comment period open until 1 September 2023





Methodology Exposure Draft - SASB international applicability



Methodology objectives and constraints

- Support IFRS S1 implementation (Jan 2024)
- Focus on non-climate-related SASB Standards metrics
- Identify metrics with substantive jurisdiction-specific terms
- Improve global usefulness & ease of application cost-effectively
- Preserve original metric structure and intent (current users)
- Use five cascading revision approaches and in combination
- Remove & replace jurisdiction-specific references narrowly

First step in the longer-term ISSB work Public comment period open until 9 August 2023

Applying the methodology (~200 metrics identified)



- **35%** of proposed metric revisions apply a combination of Revision Approach 2 & 3
- 20% of proposed metric revisions rely solely on Revision Approach 2
- 9% metrics have been identified as likely removals under Approach 4, with 5 potential new metrics (Approach 5)



SASB Standards (XRBL) Taxonomy update

- Digitally tagging elements of SASB Standards simplifies investor data collection & analysis
- Update proposed in the Methodology Exposure Draft permits staff to change the SASB Standards Taxonomy to reflect future Standards amendments
- XRBL interoperability is a function of the data structures and specific data involved
- EFRAG requests a harmonisation of the ISSB and ESRS sector-specific digital taxonomies
- Digital taxonomy's role in fostering framework interoperability should not be overstated



Share your feedback

on ISSB's proposed methodology to enhance the international applicability of the SASB Standards

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